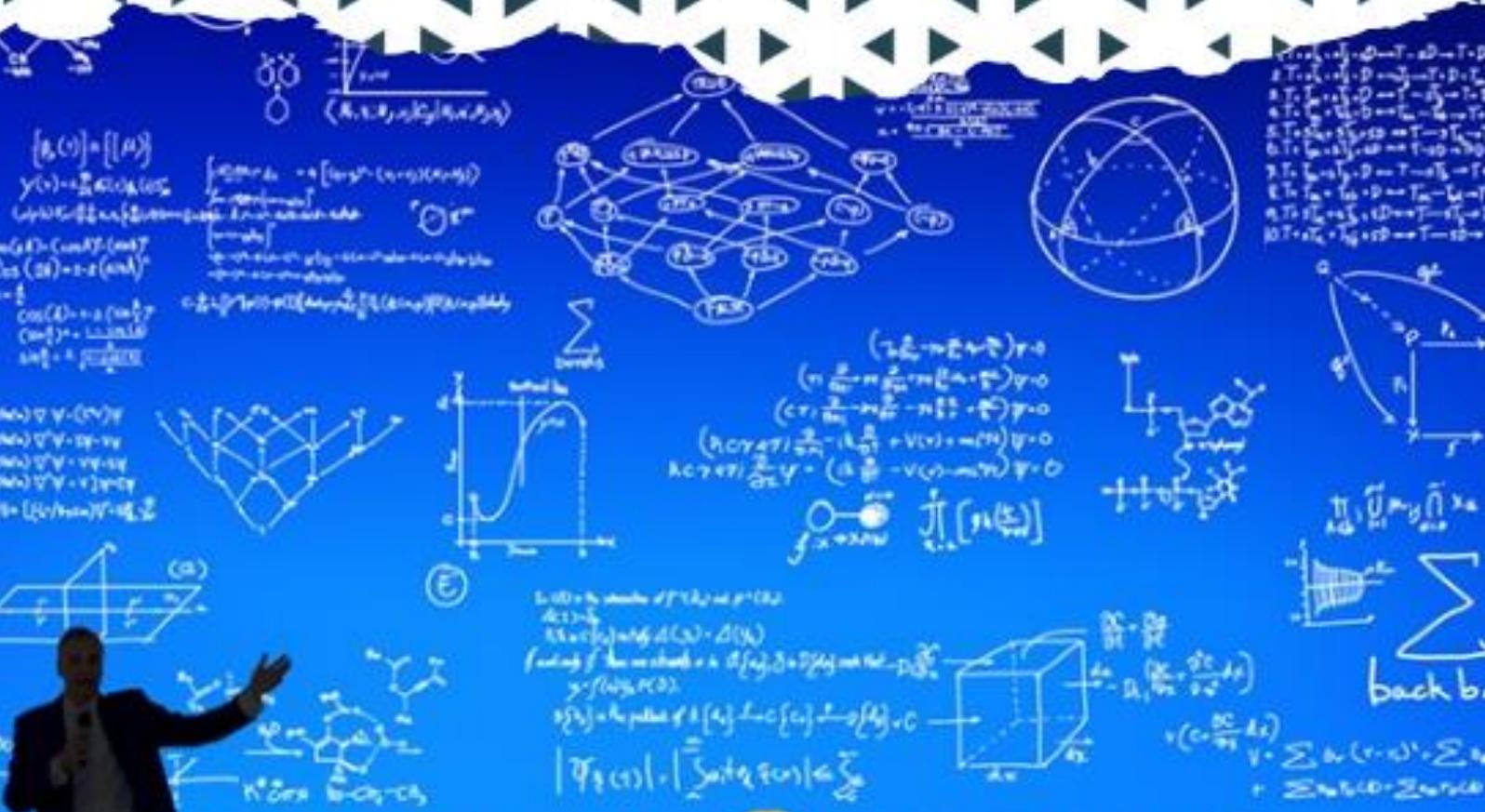




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# ZAMONAVIY İLM-FAN VA TA'LİM: MUAMMO VA YECHIMLAR İLMİY-AMALİY KONFERENSIYA



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## CLASSROOM TECHNIQUES AND ACTIVITIES (FOR READING).

**Sevinch Muhammadiyeva Muhiddin qizi**

Termiz davlat pedagogika instituti, Tillar fakulteti Maktabgacha va boshlang'ich ta'limda ingliz tili yo'nalishi 3-bosqich talabasi

[muhammadiyevasevinch079@gmail.com](mailto:muhammadiyevasevinch079@gmail.com)Ilmiy maslahatchi: **Gulasal Eshquvvatova Abdullo qizi**

Gumanitar yo'nalishlarida xorijiy tillar kafedrasida o'qituvchisi

**Annotation:** This article focuses on effective classroom techniques and activities that enhance students' reading comprehension in English language teaching. It discusses pre-reading, while-reading, and post-reading strategies, as well as interactive classroom activities that help learners develop critical thinking and independent reading habits. The study emphasizes the role of teachers in organizing engaging lessons to improve reading motivation and fluency.

**Keywords:** reading, techniques, activities, comprehension, motivation, English teaching.

**Annotatsiya:** Ushbu maqolada ingliz tili o'qitish jarayonida o'quvchilarning o'qish ko'nikmalarini rivojlantirishga yordam beruvchi samarali sinf usullari va mashg'ulotlar yoritilgan. Maqolada o'qishdan oldingi, o'qish jarayonidagi va o'qishdan keyingi strategiyalar hamda o'qish motivatsiyasini oshiruvchi interaktiv faoliyat turlari tahlil qilinadi. Shuningdek, o'qituvchining darsni to'g'ri tashkil etishdagi roli ta'kidlanadi.

**Kalit so'zlar:** o'qish, texnika, mashg'ulot, tushunish, motivatsiya, ingliz tili o'qitish.

**Аннотация:** В данной статье рассматриваются эффективные методы и виды деятельности в классе, направленные на развитие навыков чтения на английском языке. Анализируются стратегии до, во время и после чтения, а также интерактивные упражнения, повышающие мотивацию учащихся и их способность понимать текст. Особое внимание уделяется роли учителя в организации интересных и продуктивных занятий.

**Ключевые слова:** чтение, методы, деятельность, понимание, мотивация, преподавание английского языка.

**Introduction.** Reading is one of the most essential skills in language learning. It allows learners to gain information, expand vocabulary, and develop their understanding of grammar and structure. In modern classrooms, teaching reading effectively requires a combination of various methods and engaging activities. Teachers must select strategies that match students' levels, interests, and learning styles.



The purpose of this article is to explore practical classroom techniques and activities that improve reading comprehension and enjoyment among English language learners.

### 1. The Importance of Reading in Language Learning

Reading provides exposure to new vocabulary, sentence structures, and cultural contexts. It not only helps students improve their linguistic skills but also develops their cognitive and analytical thinking. According to language experts, reading strengthens writing, speaking, and listening abilities as well. Therefore, teachers should design lessons that encourage students to read actively and critically.

2. Stages of Reading. Effective reading lessons usually include three stages: pre-reading, while-reading, and post-reading.

#### 2.1 Pre-reading Stage.

The aim of this stage is to prepare students for the text. Activities may include:

- Discussing the topic and predicting content,
- Teaching new vocabulary,
- Looking at pictures or titles to guess the main idea,
- Asking guiding questions such as "What do you think this story is about?"

2.2 While-reading Stage. This stage focuses on understanding the text. Techniques include:

- Skimming for the main idea,
- Scanning for specific information,
- Identifying unfamiliar words from context,
- Answering comprehension questions,
- Dividing the text into parts for group reading.

2.3 Post-reading Stage. This stage aims to deepen understanding and encourage critical thinking. Activities may include:

- Summarizing the text,
- Discussing the author's message,
- Role-playing characters from the story,
- Writing a short reflection or review.

### 3. Classroom Techniques for Teaching Reading

#### 1. Guided Reading:

The teacher supports small groups while they read, helping them analyze meaning and pronunciation.

#### 2. Jigsaw Reading:

Each group reads a different section of a text and then shares their part with others. This promotes cooperation and comprehension.

#### 3. Reading Aloud:

Students take turns reading aloud to practice pronunciation and intonation.



#### 4. Silent Reading:

Encourages independent understanding without teacher help. Improves speed and focus.

5. Think-Pair-Share: Students read, discuss their thoughts with a partner, and then share ideas with the class.

6. Graphic Organizers: Using charts or diagrams (e.g., story maps, Venn diagrams) helps students visualize the text structure.

#### 4. Engaging Classroom Activities

Prediction Game: Students guess what will happen next in the story.

Word Hunt: Students find specific words or phrases in the text.

Reading Race: Teams compete to find answers quickly from a reading passage.

Story Reconstruction: Sentences from the text are mixed, and students reorder them correctly.

Book Club Discussions: Students share opinions about what they read and recommend books.

These activities make reading lessons more interactive, fun, and student-centered.

#### 5. The Role of the Teacher

The teacher's role is not only to provide reading materials but also to guide, motivate, and monitor progress. A successful teacher:

- Encourages curiosity and imagination,
- Selects texts appropriate to students' level,
- Creates a friendly and stress-free environment,
- Gives constructive feedback.

When students feel supported and motivated, they develop a lifelong habit of reading.

#### 6. Challenges and Solutions

Some challenges in teaching reading include lack of interest, limited vocabulary, and poor reading habits. Teachers can overcome these problems by:

- Integrating digital tools (e-books, online stories),
- Using visual and interactive materials,
- Rewarding students for active participation,
- Encouraging reading outside the classroom.

**Conclusion.** In conclusion, teaching reading effectively requires creativity, planning, and the right techniques. When teachers use pre-reading, while-reading, and post-reading strategies together with engaging classroom activities, students become more confident and interested readers. Reading should be seen not only as an academic skill but as an enjoyable and lifelong habit.

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