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**“YASHIL ENERGETIKA VA UNING QISHLOQ VA SUV XO'JALIGIDAGI  
O'RNI” MAVZUSIDAGI XALQARO ILMIY VA ILMIY-TEXNIKA VIY  
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**Proposition 5 [9].** For any topological space, we have:

$$\pi\chi(x, X) \leq \chi(x, X), \pi\chi(X) \leq \chi(X)$$

**Definition 16 [10].** Number of open sets of the  $X$  topological space:

$$o(X) = |\tau|.$$

If  $\varphi$  is a cardinal invariant, then the hereditary cardinal invariant  $h\varphi$  generated by the cardinal invariant  $\varphi$  is defined as follows:  $h\varphi(X) = \sup\{\varphi(Y) : Y \subset X\}$ .

Hereditary density space of  $X$  defined as follows:

$$hd(X) = \sup\{d(Y) : Y \subset X\}$$

**Theorem 4 [9].** Let  $X$  be a separable space. Then every uncountable cardinal is a caliber of  $X$ .

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## MAXSUSLIKKA EGA BO'LGAN IKKINCHI TARTIBLI DIFFERENTIAL OPERATOR UCHUN SHTURM-LIUVILL MASALASINI MAXSUS VARIATSION AYIRMALI SXEMALAR YORDAMIDA YECHISH

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**Annotatsiya:** Ushbu maqolada maxsuslikka ega bo'lgan Shutrm- Liuvill masalasi uchun aniq variatsion –ayirmali sxema qurib , uning yagonaligi isbotlangan bu ayirmali sxemadan foydalanib, istalgan aniqlikdagi “m” – rangli “qirqilgan” variatsion ayirmali sxema qurilib, uning xos sonlari va ularga mos keluvchi xos vektorlar bo'yicha yaqinlashish tezligi aniqlangan. Maxsus tengmas qadamli to'rni tanlash natijasida , qurilgan variatsion – ayirmali sxema uchun bo'laklab uzluksiz funktsiyalar sinfida mumkbo'lgan eng yuqori aniqlikka erishilgan .

**Аннотация:** В данной статье построена точная вариационно-разностная схема для специальной задачи Шутрама-Лиувилля, и с использованием этой разностной схемы, единственность которой доказана, построена «*m*»-раскрашенная «обрезанная» вариационно-разностная схема любой точности, и скорость ее сходимости определена через ее собственные значения и соответствующие им собственные векторы. В результате выбора специальной неравномерной сетки для построенной вариационно-дифференциальной схемы достигнута максимально возможная точность в классе кусочно-непрерывных функций.

**Annotatson:** this article, an exact variational-differential scheme is constructed for the special Shutram-Liouville problem, and using this differential scheme, whose uniqueness is proven, an "*m*"-colored "clipped" variational-differential scheme of any accuracy is constructed, and its convergence rate is determined terms of its eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors. As a result of choosing a special unequal-step grid, the highest possible accuracy the class of piecewise continuous functions is achieved for the constructed variational-differential scheme.

**Kalit so'zlar:** Ayirmali sxema, tengmas qadamli to'r variatsion, shablon funktsiya, aniq variatsion-ayirmali sxema, yaqinlashish tezligi, vaznli faza, "*m*"rangli variatsion-ayirmali sxema, maxsus to'r.

**Ключевые слова:** Разностная схема, неравномерная сетка, вариацион, шаблонная функция, точная вариационно-разностная схема, скорость сходимости, весовое пространство, усеченная вариационно-разностная схема "*m*"го ранга, специальная сетка.

**Keywords:** Differential scheme, uneven step mesh variation, template function, exact variational-differential scheme, convergence rate, weighted phase, "*m*"-colored variational-differential scheme, special mesh.

Ko'pgina tebranish jarayonlarining matematik modellari Shturm – Liuvill masalasiga olib keladi.

Ayrim hollarda ya'ni muhit bir jinsli bo'limgan hollarda bunday masalalarning matematik modellari hisoblangan differentsial tenglamalar maxsuslikka ega bo'ladi. Bu maxsuslik yuqori tartibli hosila oldidagi koeffisientning yechim izlanayotgan kesama chegaralarida nolga aylanishidan iborat [1,2,3,4].

Bunday masalalarning taqribiy yechishning universal usullaridan biri ayirmali usuldir. Ammo, differentsial masala operatori maxsuslikka ega bo'lgani uchun quriladigan ayirmali sxema maxsus yondashuvni talab qiladi.

Shu sababdan maxsuslikka ega bo'lgan Shturm- Liuvill masalasini talab qilingan anqlik darajasida taqribiy yechishga mo'ljallangan ayirmali sxemalar qurish va ularni tahlil qilish dolzarb masala hisoblanadi.

Maxsuslikka ega bo'lgan Shturm- Liuvill masalasini ayirmali usulda yechish bilan Prikazchikov V.G., Lug'nix V. M., Makarov V.L., Gavliyuk I. P., Makarov I. L., Hamroyev Y. Y. lar shug'ullanganlar [5,6,7].

Bu maqolada yuqorida qayd etilgan mualliflar ishlarini o'rgangan holda , maxsus tengmas qadamli to'rni kiritish natijasida , mutlaqo yangi ilmiynatijalar qo'lga kiritilgan. Ya'ni maxsuslik mavjud bo'lishiga qaramasdan , bo'laklab uzlusiz koeffisientlar sinfidaeng yuqori anqlikka ega bo'lgan variatsion ayirmali sxema qurib, u to'la tahlil qilingan.

### Masalaning qoyilishi:

$$L_{\vec{u}}^{(p,q,r)} = L_{\vec{u}}^{(p,q)} + \lambda r(x) \vec{u} = 0, -1 < x < 1 \quad (1)$$

$$P(x) \vec{U}(x) \Big|_{x=\pm 1} = 0$$

$\lambda$ -ning shunday qiymatlarini topish kerakki, (1), (2) chegaraviy masala noldan farqli yechimlarga ega bo'lsin.

Bu yerda

$$L_{\vec{u}}^{(p,q)} \equiv \left( P(x) \vec{u}'(x) \right)' - q(x) \vec{u}(x), \text{ va } p(x) = (1-x^2) \cdot p_1(x) \text{ bo'lib},$$

$$0 < c_1 \leq p_1(x) \leq c_2, 0 < c_3 \leq q(x) \leq c_4, 0 < c_5 \leq r(x) \leq c_6 \quad (3)$$

Shartlar bajarilsdeb hisoblaymiz. Bundan tashqari

$$p_{ij} \cdot (x), q_{ij} \cdot (x), r_{ij} \cdot (x) \in Q^{(0)}[-1,1] \quad (4)$$

$(Q^{(0)}[-1,1], [-1,1])$  – kesmada bo‘laklab uzlusiz funktsiyalar sinfi

Keltirilgan (3), (4) shartlar bajarilganda (1), (2) masala yagona yechimga ega bo‘lishi [8] isbotlangan.

Tengmas qadamli to‘rda aniq variatsion-ayirmali sxema.

Bizga (1), (2) xos sonlik masalasi berilgan bo‘lib, (3), (4) shartlar bajarilgan bo‘lsin.

$[-1,1]$  kesmada quyidagi tengmas qadamli to‘rni kiritamiz:

$$\widehat{w}_{h_i} = \{-1 = x_{-N} < x_{-N+1} < x_{-N+2} \dots < x_0 < x_1 \dots < x_N = 1\}$$

Bu yerda

$$x_i = sign(x_i) \sum_{p=1}^i h_p, h_i = (2/N)(1 - (i - 0.5)N),$$

$$\phi_i(x, \lambda) = \begin{cases} i = -N + 1, N - 1 \\ 0, -1 < x < x_{i-1} \\ v_1^i(x, \lambda, h_i)/v_1^i(x_i, \lambda, h_i), x_{i-1} \leq x \leq x_i \\ v_2^{i+1}(x, \lambda, h_{i+1})/v_2^{i+1}(x_i, \lambda, h_{i+1}), x_i \leq x \leq x_{i+1} \\ 0, x_{i+1} < x < 1 \end{cases} \quad (5)$$

Bunda  $V_j^i(x, \lambda), (j = 1, 2; i = -N + 1, N - 1), \lambda = \lambda_k$  bo‘lganda

$\widehat{w}_{h_i}$  to‘rda quyidagi koshi masalalarining yechimlari bo‘ladi:

$$\begin{cases} L^{(p,q,r)} V_j^i(x, \lambda) = 0, & x_{i-1} < x < x_i, j = 1, 2, \\ V_1^i(x_{i-1}, \lambda) = \delta_{i,1}, P(x)(V_1^i(x, \lambda))'|_{x=x_{i-1}} = 1 - \delta_{i,1}, \\ V_2^i(x_i, \lambda) = \delta_{i,N}, P(x)(V_2^i(x, \lambda))'|_{x=x_i} = \delta_{i,N} - 1; \\ i = -N + 1, N - 1, \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

$\delta_{i,j}$ - Kroneker simvoli,  $\delta_{i,j} = \begin{cases} 0, i \neq j, \\ 1, i = j. \end{cases}$

Shundan so‘ng  $\lambda = \lambda_k$  tayinlangan deb hisoblab,  $[x_{i-1}, x_{i+1}]$  kesmada  $x = x_i + sh_i, |s| \leq 1$  lokal koordinat almashtirishni bajaramiz, hamda  $V_j^i(x, \lambda)$  – shablon funktsiyalar uchun quyidagi yangi

$$V_1^i(x, \lambda) = V_1^i(x_i + sh_i, \lambda) = \begin{cases} \alpha^{-N+1}(s, \lambda, h_{-N+1}), i = -N + 1 \\ h_i \alpha^i(s, \lambda, h_i), i = -N + 2, N \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

$$V_2^i(x, \lambda) = V_2^i(x_i + sh_i, \lambda) = \begin{cases} h_i \beta^i(s, \lambda, h_i), i = -N + 1, N - 1 \\ \beta^N(s, \lambda, h), i = N \end{cases} \quad (8)$$

Belgilashlareni kiritamiz.

Bu almashtirishlardan kelib chiqqan holda  $\phi_i(s, \lambda)$  bazis funktsiyalarni tuzib olamiz

$$\phi_{i_{i=-N+1, N-1}}(s, \lambda) = \begin{cases} 0, |s| > 1 \\ \alpha^i(s, \lambda, h_i)/\alpha^i(o, x, h_i), -1 \leq s \leq 0, \\ \beta^{i+1}(s, \lambda, h_{i+1})/\beta^{i+1}(o, \lambda, h_{i+1}), 0 \leq s \leq 1 \end{cases} \quad (9)$$

Variatsion – ayirmali sxemalar qurish uslubiyotidan foydalangan holda (9) va  $\vec{u}(x) = \sum_{i=-N+1}^{N-1} \phi_i(s, \lambda) \vec{u}_i$ ,  $\vec{u}_k(x_i) = \vec{u}_i$  ekanligini hisobga olib,

$$A_{h_i} \vec{y} = \mu B_{h_i} \vec{y} \quad (10)$$

$$\|\vec{y}_{-N}\| < \infty, \quad \|\vec{y}_N\| < \infty$$

Umumlashgan, albegraik xos sonlar masalasini hosil qilamiz.

**Tengmas qadamli maxsus to‘rda variatsion ayirmali “qirqilgan”sxema aniqligini baholash.**

Bu hosil qilingan variatsion ayirmali sxema (10) da  $A_{h_i}$ ,  $B_{h_i}$  koeffesientlarda yig‘indilar ko‘rinishidagi  $\alpha^i(s, \lambda, h_i), \beta^i(s, \lambda, h_i)$  lar qatnashgani uchun uni amaliy hisoblashlarda qo‘llab bo‘lmaydi. Shuning uchun m-rangli qirqilgan variatsion – ayirmali sxemani quramiz. Qo‘yilgan masalalarni amalga oshirish uchun

$$\widehat{\phi_i}(s, \lambda) = \begin{cases} 0, |s| > 1 \\ P_{i,1}^{(m)}(s, \lambda, h_i)/P_{i,1}^{(m)}(0, x, h_i), -1 \leq s \leq 0, \\ P_{i+1,2}^{(m)}(s, \lambda, h_{i+1})/P_{i+1,2}^{(m)}(0, \lambda, h_{i+1}), 0 \leq s \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

ba'zis funktsiyalarini tanlaymiz [10].

Bunda:

$$P_{i,1}^{(m)}(s, \lambda, h) = \alpha_o^i(s) + \sum_{k=1}^m h^{2k} \alpha_k^i(s, \lambda, h_i),$$

$$P_{i,2}^{(m)}(s, \lambda, h) = \beta_o^i(s) + \sum_{k=1}^m h^{2k} \beta_k^i(s, \lambda, h_i).$$

So'ngra Reley-Rits variatsion diskretlashtirish usulini qo'llab, m- rangli "qirqilgan" algebraik umumlahgan xos sonlar masalasi

$$A_{h_i}^{(m)} y^{(m)} = \lambda^{(m)} B_{h_i} y^{(m)}, \|y_{-N}^{(m)}\| < \infty, \|y_N^{(m)}\| < \infty \quad (11)$$

ni hosil qilamiz. Bu variatsion – ayirmali sxema yaqinlashish tezligini olish uchun kerak bo‘ladigan yordamchi tengsizliklar teng qadamli to‘r uchun chiqarilgan (7) tengsizliklardan katta farq qilmagani uchun ularni alohida keltirib o‘tirmadik.

Quyidagi asosiy teorema o‘rinlidir.

**Teorema** Agar (3),(4) shartlar bajarilib, k- tayinlangan bo‘lsa, u holda shunday bir  $h_o > 0$  topiladi,  $h_* < h_0$  ( $h_* = \max_i \{h_i\}$ ) bo‘lganda

$$0 < \Lambda_k^{(m)} - \mu_k \leq CN^{-4m-2-2n}$$

$$\|\vec{u}_k - \vec{y}_k\|_{\hat{V}[-1,1]} \leq cN^{-2m-1-n} \quad (12)$$

tengsizliklar o‘rinli bo‘ladi.

Bunda  $\mu_k$  – (10) aniq variatsion – ayirmali sxemaning k- xos soni,  $\Lambda_k^{(m)}$  – (11) m-rangli "qirqilgan" variatsion ayirmali sxemaning k- xos soni,  $\vec{u}_k$  – (10) ayirmali sxemaning  $\mu_k$  xos soniga mos keluvchi xos funktsiyasi,  $\vec{y}_k$  – (11) ayirmali sxemaning  $\Lambda_k^{(m)}$  xos funktsiyasi,  $\hat{V}[-1,1]$  maxsus vaznli to‘r funktsiyalar fazosi.

Bu teoremaning isboti teng qadamli to‘r uchun o‘xshash teoremaning isbotidan (7) katta farq qilmagani uchun uni alohida keltirib o‘tirmadik [10].

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